Chemistry 1094 Spring 2017 Test 3

Wednesday, March 22, 2017

Time: 1 hour 50 minutes

Name: _____

Student #: ______

This test consists of **six** pages of questions and a periodic table. Please ensure that you have a complete test and, if you do not, obtain one from me **immediately**. There are **43** marks available. Good luck!

Avogadro's number, should you need it, is 6.022 140 857 x 10²³ mol⁻¹

1) [6 marks] Complete and balance the following reactions. Give the phases of all products.

a) _____ Fe₂(CO₃)₃(s)
$$\xrightarrow{\Delta}$$

b) ____ Cu₂O(s) + ____ CO₂(g)
$$\xrightarrow{\text{high}}_{\text{pressure}}$$

2) [1 mark] Calculate the molar mass of $Al_2(CO_3)_3 \cdot 4H_2O$.

- [14 marks total] Note: to receive any credit for any part of this question, you must show the complete method by which you obtained your solution.
 Na₂SO₄ has a molar mass of 142.0 grams.
 - a) [1 mark] How many grams of Na₂SO₄ are necessary to supply 0.0500 moles of Na₂SO₄?
 - b) [1 mark] How many moles of Na₂SO₄ are in 5.68 grams of Na₂SO₄?
 - c) [1 mark] How many moles of oxygen atoms are in 0.0200 moles of Na₂SO₄?
 - d) [1 mark] How many moles of Na₂SO₄ are necessary to supply 0.100 moles of oxygen atoms?
 - e) [2 marks] How many grams of sodium atoms are in 0.160 moles of Na₂SO₄?
 - f) [2 marks] How many moles of Na₂SO₄ are necessary to supply 1.1495 grams of sodium atoms?
 - g) **[3 marks]** How many grams of Na₂SO₄ are necessary to supply 3.011 x 10²⁰ atoms of sodium?

h) [3 marks] How many sodium atoms are contained in 1.42 grams of Na₂SO₄? (Give the actual number and not just a multiple of moles.)

4) [1 mark] Calculate the mass of a single atom of sodium in grams.

5) [4 marks] Calculate the percent by mass of each element in Ag(NH₃)₂Cl.

- 6) **[5 marks total]** Glucose (an important source of energy) is 40.002 % carbon, 53.285 % oxygen, and the rest hydrogen (all by mass).
 - a) [3 marks] What is the empirical formula of glucose?

b) **[2 marks]** The molar mass of glucose is 180.157 grams. What is the molecular formula of glucose?

- 7) [6 marks] A 5.844-gram sample of NaCl (58.44 g/mol) was dissolved in enough water to make 250.0 mL of solution A. A 15.00-mL aliquot of solution A was taken and diluted to 200.0 mL to form solution B. Some solution B was then taken and diluted to 250.0 mL to form solution C. The concentration of solution C was found to be 1.200 x 10⁻³ M.
 - a) What was the concentration of solution A? Give your answer in moles/L.

b) What was the concentration of solution **B**? Give your answer in moles/L.

c) How many mL of solution **B** were used to make solution **C**?

- 8) [6 marks] It took 22.62 mL of 0.1084 M NaOH to titrate a 15.00 mL aliquot of H₂SO4:
 2NaOH(aq) + H₂SO4(aq) → Na₂SO4(aq) + 2H₂O(I)
 - a) What was the [H₂SO₄] in the original aliquot? Give your answer in moles/L.

b) What was the [Na₂SO₄] after the titration was complete? Give your answer in moles/L.