

## Chemistry 1105 R11 Fall 2023 Test 2

Friday, October 27, 2023

Time: 1 hour 50 minutes

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

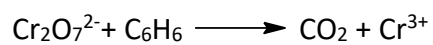
Student #: \_\_\_\_\_

*This test consists of **nine** pages of questions, a page containing useful constants and conversions, and a periodic table. Please ensure that you have a complete test and, if you do not, obtain one from me **immediately**. There are **49** marks available. Good luck!*

1) **[4 marks]** Give the oxidation number of sulphur (S) in the following compounds or ions:

$\text{SO}_2^{2+}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{SO}_2\text{F}_2$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{K}_2\text{SOF}_2$  \_\_\_\_\_

- 2) **[5 marks total]** Given the following (unbalanced) redox reaction, occurring in acidic solution:



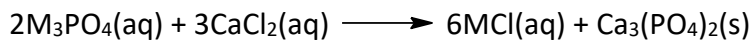
- a) **[3 marks]** Balance the reaction.

- b) **[0.5 marks]** Identify the oxidizing agent.

- c) **[0.5 marks]** Identify the species being reduced.

- d) **[1 mark]** How many electrons are transferred in the overall process?

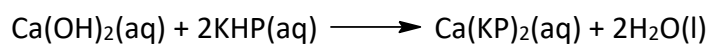
- 3) **[3 marks]** A 1456.6-mg sample of a compound of formula  $M_3PO_4$  (where M is an unknown element) was reacted with excess  $CaCl_2$  and 790.9 mg of  $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$  (310.174 g/mol) collected:



What is the metal, M?

- 4) **[4 marks]** A certain volume of 12.4 M HCl was taken and diluted to 200.0 mL to make solution A. 25.00 mL aliquot of solution A was then taken and diluted to 500.0 mL to form solution B. The concentration of solution B was found to be 0.0310 M. How many mL of 12.4 M HCl were used to make solution A?

5) **[3 marks]** A 102.5-mg sample of KHP (204.2 g/mol) required 26.70 mL of  $\text{Ca(OH)}_2$  to titrate:



What was the concentration of the  $\text{Ca(OH)}_2$ ? Give your answer in moles/L.

6) **[2 marks]** Calculate the percent by mass of sulphur in  $\text{Al}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3$ .

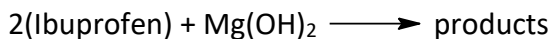
7) **[6 marks]** Zonisamide is an antibiotic – a “sulfa drug” in particular. It consists of 45.276% carbon, 3.799% hydrogen, 13.200% nitrogen, 22.616% oxygen, and (maybe obviously) the rest Sulphur, all by mass.

a) What is the empirical formula of Zonisamide?

b) If Zonisamide were a gas, it would have a density of 0.100 g/L at 8.81 torr pressure and 26.66°C. What is the molecular formula of Zonisamide?

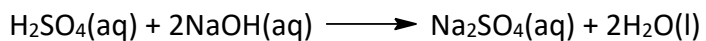
- 8) **[6 marks]** Ibuprofen is an anti-inflammatory drug. It consists of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen.
- a) If you burn a 1237.7-mg sample of ibuprofen, you'll collect 3432.7 mg of CO<sub>2</sub> (44.009 g/mol) and 972.8 mg of H<sub>2</sub>O (18.015 g/mol). What is the empirical formula of ibuprofen?

- b) Ibuprofen is mildly acidic and, as an acid, reacts with bases like Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub> according to the balanced equation:



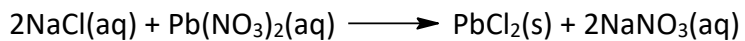
A fresh 226.9-mg sample of ibuprofen required 27.50 mL of 0.0200 M Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub> for complete reaction. What is the molecular formula of ibuprofen?

- 9) **[3 marks]** A solution of  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  (98.077 g/mol) has a density of 1.0234 g/mL. A 20.00-mL aliquot of this solution required 32.38 mL of 0.5156 M NaOH for complete reaction:



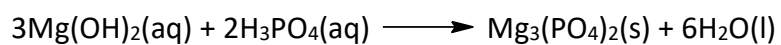
What is the percent by mass of  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  in the original  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  solution?

- 10) **[3 marks]** How many grams of 80.00-percent pure NaCl (58.443 g/mol) are required to collect exactly 10.00 grams of  $\text{PbCl}_2$  (278.1 g/mol) if the reaction



proceeds with a 62.50 percent yield?

11) [4 marks] If you mix 20.00 mL of 0.00300 M  $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$  with 20.00 mL of 0.00150 M  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$ :



How many mL of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (18.015 g/mol) should be produced? The density of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is 0.9984 g/mL.



12) **[6 marks total]** The air we breathe has  $X_{O_2} = 0.21$  and  $X_{N_2} = 0.79$  (approximately). Imagine you had a room (filled with air) at  $22.8^\circ\text{C}$  at a total pressure of 758.9 torr. The room has a height of 3 metres, a length of 6 metres, and a depth of 8 metres.

a) **[4 marks]** How many kg of oxygen and of nitrogen would be in the room? The volume of the room is given by length x width x depth, and  $1 \text{ L} = 1 \text{ dm}^3$

b) **[2 marks]** Calculate the partial pressures of  $O_2$  and  $N_2$  in the room. Give your answer in torr.