## DETERMINATION OF ABSOLUTE ZERO AND VERIFYING BOYLE'S LAW

Date: $\qquad$ Name: $\qquad$ Partner:

Objective: Verifying Boyle's law

Procedure: As in CHEM 1105 lab manual, pages $\qquad$ .

Observations:

## Data:

Table 1: Pressure and Volume Data

| Reading Number | Volume <br> $(\mathrm{mL})$ | Pressure <br> (atm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |

## Calculations:

1) Attach graphs made in Excel of Pressure (atm) versus Volume ( mL ) and Pressure (atm) versus $1 /$ Volume ( $\mathrm{mL}^{-1}$ ).
2) Which graph gives a linear relationship?
3) Show whether Volume and Pressure have a direct or inverse relationship by calculating a constant $\boldsymbol{k}$ (the slope of the graph) from $\mathrm{P}^{*} \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{V}$.

## Conclusion:

Boyle's Law was verified by a constant $\boldsymbol{k}=$ $\qquad$ for $P^{*} V$ or $P / V$. Circle the correct formula.

## Discussion:

Write a short paragraph discussing your results.

## Questions:

Steam is stored inside an industrial vessel of $4.2 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$. After compression, the volume of steam reduces to $1.1 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$. Assume the temperature to be constant. Find the initial pressure if the final pressure is 4 bar?

