

$$\begin{aligned}
 1. \quad \text{moles CuSO}_4 \text{ in } 75.0 \text{ mL } 0.150 \text{ M CuSO}_4 &= 75.0 \text{ mL} \times \frac{0.150 \text{ mole}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \\
 &= 0.01125 \text{ mole} \\
 \text{moles CuSO}_4 \text{ in } 25.0 \text{ mL } 0.100 \text{ M CuSO}_4 &= 25.0 \text{ mL} \times \frac{0.100 \text{ mole}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \\
 &= 0.00250 \text{ mole}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{total moles} = 0.01125 + 0.00250 = 0.01375 \text{ mole}$$

$$\text{final volume} = (75.0 + 25.0) \text{ mL} = 100.0 \text{ mL} = 0.1000 \text{ L}$$

$$\text{final molarity} = \frac{0.01375 \text{ mole}}{0.1000 \text{ L}} = 0.138 \text{ M}$$

$$2. \quad \% \text{ Tl-203} = \frac{1 \times 100}{(1 + 2.38983)} = 29.5000\% \quad \% \text{ Tl-205} = 70.5000\%$$

$$(202.9723 \times 0.295000) + (204.9745 \times 0.705000) = 204.384 = \text{AW}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3. \quad \text{Let } V &= \text{volume (in mL) of } 0.155 \text{ M NaOH needed} \\
 M_1 V_1 &= M_2 V_2 \quad V \times 0.155 = (V + 250) \times 0.100 \\
 0.155 V - 0.100 V &= 25.0 \quad 0.055 V = 25.0 \quad V = 455 \text{ mL}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4. \quad \text{Let } V &= \text{volume (in litres) of } 0.155 \text{ M NaOH needed} \\
 \text{total moles NaOH} &= 0.155 V + (0.585 \times 0.100) = 0.155 V + 0.0585 \\
 \text{total volume of final solution} &= (V + 0.100) \text{ litres}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{final molarity} = 0.300 = \frac{0.155 V + 0.0585}{V + 0.100}$$

$$0.300 V + 0.0300 = 0.155 V + 0.0585$$

$$0.145 V = 0.0285 \quad V = 0.197 \text{ L} = 197 \text{ mL}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5. \quad \frac{894.5 \text{ coulombs}}{1 \text{ g Ag}} \times \frac{107.87 \text{ g Ag}}{1 \text{ mole Ag}} \times \frac{1 \text{ electron}}{1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ coulomb}} \times \frac{1 \text{ atom Ag}}{1 \text{ electron}} \\
 = 6.03 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms/mole}
 \end{aligned}$$