CHEM-1110 TEST # 3 NAME:_____

1. The diagram below shows four energy levels for the hydrogen atom. Answer the following: **[4]**

n=4	
n=4	
11	

- n=3 _____
- n=2_____

n=1_____

a) The transition with the highest frequency.

b) A Balmer transition with the lowest energy.

c) How many Lyman emission lines?

- d) The transition most likely in the IR region.
- 2. The violet line in the line spectrum of hydrogen atom has wavelength of 434 nm. What is the principal quantum number of the upper energy level of the electron that produces a photon of this wavelength? The equation is: [4]

$$E_n = \frac{-2.18x10^{-18}(Z^2) J}{n^2}$$

- Give the complete ground state electron configuration, the number of unpaired electrons, and indicate whether paramagnetic or diamagnetic for the following species.
 [4]
- a) Cu: _____ b) Cd: 4. Which of the following quantum numbers (n,l,m_l,m_s) is not allowed? [2] b) 4,2,1,+1/2 c) 3,-1,1,+1/2 a) 3.0.0.+1/2 d) 3,1,1,-1/2 5. a) How many electrons in an atom can have n=3? [1] b) How many subshells are there if n=6 ? [1] c) How many electrons in Sb that have m_{e} and m_{s} = +1/2 ? [1] d) How many electrons in 3f orbitals? [1] e) How many half filled orbitals in Co²⁺? [1] f) How many electrons in Mg²⁺ that have n=2 and $m_s= -1/2$? [1] g) How many electrons can occupy 2d orbitals? [1] h) Give the number of electrons if n=4 and l=2 and $m_s=1/2$ a) Give a cation with a charge of 3+ that is isoelectronic with Ca²⁺[1] 6.
 - b) Suppose the spin quantum number had three allowed values (m_s = +1/2, 0, and -1/2). Give the **Z**, atomic number, for the first two noble gases in this case. [2]

••							
	a) Cl	b) S	c) P	d) Si	e) Na		
8.	Which element will have the greatest third ionization enegy? [2]						
	a) Ba	b) Al	c) Ga	d) S	e) Mg		
9.	. Which element will have the greatest electronegativity?						
	a) Ge	b) Si	c) P	d) S	e) Se		
10.	Which element has the smallest atomic radius? [2]						
	a) F	b) Al	c) S	d) P	e) Si		
11.							
	a) Na⁺	b) K+	c) Ca ²⁺	d) Mg ²⁺	e) C <i>t</i>		
12.	Which of the following covalent bond is the most polar? [2]						
	a) I-I	b) Si-I	c) CI-CI	d) Si-Cl	e) Si-Si		

7. Which one of the following has the largest first ionization energy? [2]

13. Give three resonance structures for O₂NCI. Circle the least likely by indicating formal charges. **[4]**

14. Complete the following table. Central atom is underlined. [6].

SPECIES	NAME OF SHAPE	P OR NP
<u>Sb</u> Cl₃		
<u>Te</u> Cl₄		
Cl <u>₃As</u> O		
<u>I</u> F5		

15. a) Explain why the boiling point of ethanol is 78°C while that of dimethyl ether is only minus 24°C. [2]

b) Indicate the type of intermolecular forces present in each of the following.. *Marking will be right minus wrong*. [5]

Substance	H-Bonding	Dipole-dipole	London
Cyclopentanol			
Ethanol			
H ₂ S			
SF4			

19. The dipole moment of $\underline{B}F_3$ is zero while that of $F_2\underline{B}Cl$ has a measurable value. Explain this difference. [1]

20. PCl₅ exists. Could NCl₅ exist? Explain your answer. [1]