CHEM 1210 Optional Quiz version 2 Acids, Bases and equilibrium

Name:

1) Which of the following solutions is a buffer?

- 1. 50 mL of 0.1 M acetic acid mixed with 25 mL of 0.05 M NaOH
- 2. 100 mL of 0.1 M acetic acid mixed with 25 mL of 0.5 M NaOH
- 3. 50 mL of 0.1 M acetic acid mixed with 25 mL of 0.05 M sodium acetate
- 4. 50 mL of 0.1 M acetic acid mixed with 25 mL of 0.2 M HCl
- 5. 50 mL of 0.1 M sodium acetate mixed with 25 mL of 0.05 M NaOH
  - a. 1 and 3
  - b. 3 only
  - c. 1, 2 and 5
  - d. 3, 4 and 5
  - e. 2, 4 and 5
- 2) A 10.00 mL sample of a weak acid is titrated with 0.0500 M NaOH. The volume of NaOH required to reach the phenolphthalein endpoint was 23.64 mL. The pH after the addition of 11.82 mL of NaOH was 5.25.
  - a) What is the concentration of the weak acid?
  - b) What is the K<sub>a</sub> of the weak acid?

c) Determine the pH at the equivalence point.

d) Determine the pH if an additional 5.00 mL of NaOH is added past the endpoint.

3) Consider the following equilibrium reactions and corresponding K<sub>p</sub> values:

$Fe_2O_3(s) + 3H_2(g) \leftrightarrow 2Fe(s) + 3H_2O(g)$	$K_1 = 100$
$\mathrm{CO}_2(g)$ + $\mathrm{H}_2(g)$ $\leftrightarrow$ $\mathrm{CO}(g)$ + $\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}(g)$	$K_2 = 0.100$
$Fe_2O_3(s) + 3CO(g) \leftrightarrow 2Fe(s) + 3CO_2(g)$	$K_3 = ?$

a) Determine the value for K<sub>3</sub>

b) Given 5 moles of CO<sub>2</sub>, 4 moles of H<sub>2</sub>, 3 moles of CO, 2 moles of H<sub>2</sub>O, 3 moles of Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and 2 moles of Fe, determine if the second reaction is at equilibrium, if not which direction will it proceed in?

c) The first reaction is known to be endothermic, describe the effects of increasing temperature on the reaction and the K value.